

Millwright And Riggers Supplemental Application

TO BE USED WITH COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY APPLICATION (ACORD 125)

All questions must be answered in full. Application must be signed and dated by the applicant.

PPLICANT	'S NAME AND MAILING ADDRESS	AGENT / PRODUCER INFORMATION
		APPLICANT'S PHONE NUMBER:
USINESS	Name or Trading Name:	APPLICANT'S WEB ADDRESS:
		INSPECTION CONTACT:
ROPOSED	POLICY PERIOD: TO:	CONTACT PHONE NUMBER:
PPLICANT	IS: INDIVIDUAL (INCLUDE DATE OF BIRTH):	PARTNERSHIP (INCLUDE DATES OF BIRTH):
	☐ CORPORATION ☐ JOINT VENTURE OR ☐ OTHER	R
ears in b	usiness:	Years of Experience in this field:
Locatio	n #1	
Locatio	n #2	
Locatio	n #3	
UNDER	RWRITING INFORMATION	
1. Ye	ars of Experience in this field?	
2. E x	PLAIN ALL "YES" RESPONSES (ATTACH SEPARATE SHEET	, IF NEEDED)
a.	Has the Acord 125 been completed?	Yes □ No
	Attach Acord application with complete information	n.
b.	Any operations sold, acquired, or discontinued in t	he last 5 years? Yes
C.	Machinery or equipment loaned or rented to others	?? Yes No
	If yes, attach rental agreement and list of items.	
d.	Do operations involve storing, treating, discharging	g, applying, disposing or transporting of hazardous material;
	e.g., landfills, wastes, fuel tanks, etc.?	Yes ☐ No
e.	Any parking facilities owned or rented?	Yes □ No
f.	Do you lease employees to or from other employe	rs? Yes No
g.	Participation in trade shows, exhibits or convention	s? Yes No
h.	Recreation facilities provided?	☐ Yes ☐ No
i.	Sporting or social events sponsored?	Yes 🗌 No
j.	Any structural alterations contemplated?	☐ Yes ☐ No
k.	Any demolition exposure contemplated?	☐ Yes ☐ No
l.	Any watercraft, docks or floats owned, hired or lea	sed? Yes No
	· N:	

S378s (01/17) Page 1 of 6

UNDERWRITING INFORMATION (Continued)

3.	Enter the % of the risks operation which falls into each of the following categories			
	Fabrication of structural steel-load bearing for conventional steels structures, complex steel structures and major steel bridges.			
	Installation, dismantling, disassembly, repair and/or replacement of machinery or equipment (millwright)%			
	Lifting and positioning machinery or equipment using a crane, gantry or the boom of a fork lift (rigging)%			
4.	Does the insured perform any steel erection work for conventional steel structures? ☐ Yes ☐ No			
	If yes, what % of the risk's operations?%			
5.	Does the applicant have the following controls in place for their steel erection operations?			
	A documented and enforced fall protection/steel erection program including			
	Ladder & scaffold inspection program, including training ☐ Yes ☐ No			
	An OSHA Competent Scaffold Person inspecting all scaffolding before use			
	Procedure for crane placement near overhead power lines, including a minimum clearance of 17 feet Yes			
	Crews trained in emergency procedures if high voltage contact is made ☐ Yes ☐ No			
	Spotter always used during crane set-up			
	Rigging and connecting crews provided with appropriate PPE(personal protective equip)			
	Quality control procedures with structural steel bracing strategy			
	Architectural and field/shop plan changes communicated and documented			
6.	Does the applicant perform any of the following operations?			
	Steel erection over three stories.			
	Steel erection work for complex steel structures or major steel bridges			
	Crane rental (with or without operators) greater than 5% of total operations			
	Tank fabrication or construction. ☐ Yes ☐ No			
	Use of air cranes, including helicopter lifts.			
	Use of water rigs used in water for water lifts.			
	Dam work, cofferdams or caisson building Yes No			
	Subway or tunnel construction.			
	Professional design			
	Erection of transformers or poles, or installation of transformers outside of buildings			
	Any PCB exposure			
	Millwright installation or maintenance of central station equipment or oil/gas burners			
	Inspection of cranes for others			
	Ashestos or lead work			

S378s (01/17) Page 2 of 6

UNDERWRITING INFORMATION (Continued)

7.	Does the applicant perform any of the following operations:	
	Use of lift systems like robocranes, twin lifts or climbing tower cranes	Yes N
	Chemical/petrochemical or oil/gas well work.	Yes N
	Subcontracting to other more than 25% of total operations	Yes N
	Use of derricks	Yes N
	Incidental work on bridges or bridgework where only incidental USL&H exists (No Jones Acts expos	sure) 🗌 Yes 🔲 N
	Dual crane lifts.	Yes N
	Any operation with leased employees. If yes provide copy of contract	Yes N
	Equipment rented to others with or without operator in excess of 15% of annual receipts	Yes N
	Operations requiring Riggers Liability limits higher than \$500,000.	Yes N
	Hauling over 100 miles.	Yes N
8.	Does the applicant subcontract any operation?	Yes N
	If yes,	
	Does the applicant use standard subcontract (AGC, AIA contacts).	Yes N
	Does applicant obtain Certificates of Insurance from all subcontractors	Yes N
	Is the applicant named as an additional insured on all subcontractors' policies	Yes N
	Does the applicant use written subcontractor agreements containing hold harmless/indemnity the applicant.	
	Does the applicant restrict the use of uninsured contractors	Yes N
	Does the applicant have a Subcontractor evaluation program	Yes N
	Describe the type of work & percent subcontracted.	
9.	Are all shop drawings approved by the Engineer of Record	Yes
10.	Does the applicant have an architect or engineer on staff?	Yes N
	If Yes, does the applicant carry professional liability insurance?	Yes N
	If No, does the applicant require that the architect or engineer carry their own professional liability i	nsurance
		Yes N
	Is there a journeyman millwright on the jobsite at all times?	Yes N
	What type of training is required of employees? Describe:	
11.	Describe your last three jobs.	

S378s (01/17) Page 3 of 6

, Cost (Attach Cop	oies).	
RELATIONSHIP TO APPLICANT	Additional Insured	CERTIFICATE
yes, Explain.		
	RELATIONSHIP TO APPLICANT	TO APPLICANT INSURED

PLEASE READ BELOW AND COMPLETE SIGNATURE BLOCK ON LAST PAGE

I have reviewed this application for accuracy before signing it. As a condition precedent to coverage, I hereby state that the information contained herein is true, accurate and complete and that no material facts have been omitted, misrepresented or misstated. I know of no other claims or lawsuits against the applicant and I know of no other events, incidents or occurrences which might reasonably lead to a claim or lawsuit against the applicant. I understand that this is an application for insurance only and that completion and submission of this application does not bind coverage with any insurer.

IMPORTANT NOTICE: As part of our underwriting procedure, a routine inquiry may be made to obtain applicable information concerning character, general reputation, personal characteristics, and mode of living. Upon written request, additional information as to the nature and scope of the report, if one is made, will be provided.

FRAUD STATEMENT - FOR THE STATE(S) OF:

Alabama, Arkansas, Louisiana, Maryland, Rhode Island, Texas, West Virginia:

NOTICE: Any person who knowingly (For Maryland add: *or willfully*) presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly (For Maryland add: *or willfully*) presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to (For Alabama add: *restitution*,) fines and confinement in prison (For Alabama add: *or any combination thereof*).

Alaska

A person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurance company files a claim containing false, incomplete, or misleading information may be prosecuted under state law.

Arizona

For your protection Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

S378s (01/17) Page 4 of 6

California

For your protection, California law requires the following to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

Colorado

It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable for insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

Connecticut, Georgia, Hawaii, Illinois, Missouri, Montana, North Carolina, North Dakota, South Carolina, South Dakota, Wisconsin:

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Delaware, Idaho:

Any person who knowingly, and with intent to (For Delaware add: *injure*) defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

District of Columbia

WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

Florida

Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

Indiana

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud an insurer files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information commits a felony.

Kansas

Any person who, knowingly and with intent to defraud, presents, causes to be presented or prepares with knowledge or belief that it will be presented to or by an insurer, purported insurer, broker or any agent thereof, any written, electronic, electronic impulse, facsimile, magnetic, oral, or telephonic communication or statement as part of, or in support of, an application for the issuance of, or the rating of an insurance policy for personal or commercial insurance, or a claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to an insurance policy for commercial or personal insurance which such person knows to contain materially false information concerning any fact material thereto; or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act.

Kentucky

Application Forms: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

Maine, Tennessee, Virginia, Washington:

It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, or a denial of insurance benefits.

Massachusetts, Nebraska, Vermont:

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or another person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading information concerning any fact material thereto, may be committing a fraudulent insurance act, which may be a crime and may subject the person to criminal and civil penalties.

Minnesota

A person who files a claim with intent to defraud or helps commit a fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime.

S378s (01/17) Page 5 of 6

New Hampshire

Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in NH Rev. Stat. § 638:20.

New Jersey

Application Forms: Any person who includes any false or misleading information on an application for an insurance policy is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

New Mexico

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

New York

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the stated value of the claim for each such violation.

Ohio

Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

Oklahoma

WARNING: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

Oregon

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents materially false information in an application for insurance may be guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison. In order for us to deny a claim on the basis of misstatements, misrepresentations, omissions or concealments on your part, we must show that the misinformation is material to the content of the policy, we relied upon the misinformation and the information was either material to the risk assumed by us or provided fraudulently.

For remedies other than the denial of a claim, misstatements, misrepresentations, omissions or concealments on your part must either be fraudulent or material to our interests. With regard to fire insurance, in order to trigger the right to remedy, material misrepresentations must be willful or intentional. Misstatements, misrepresentations, omissions or concealments on your part are not fraudulent unless they are made with the intent to knowingly defraud.

Pennsylvania

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Producer's Signature	Date	Applicant's Signature	Date	

S378s (01/17) Page 6 of 6