

Agency Name:  
Address:  
Contact Name:  
Phone:  
Fax:  
Email:

## Fuel Dealers Supplemental Application

TO BE USED WITH COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY APPLICATION (ACORD 125)  
All questions must be answered in full. Application must be signed and dated by the applicant.

Applicant's Name \_\_\_\_\_ Agent \_\_\_\_\_

Applicant Mailing Address \_\_\_\_\_ Applicant's Phone Number \_\_\_\_\_

Web Address \_\_\_\_\_

Inspection Contact \_\_\_\_\_

Proposed Policy Period \_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_ Phone Number for Inspection Contact \_\_\_\_\_

Applicant is  Individual  Partnership  Corporation  Joint Venture  Other \_\_\_\_\_

Location #1 \_\_\_\_\_

Location #2 \_\_\_\_\_

Location #3 \_\_\_\_\_

### OPERATIONS & TRANSPORT

1. Is owner active in the management of operations? .....  Yes  No

2. Does applicant haul any product that he does not own? .....  Yes  No

If yes, what percentage \_\_\_\_ % and type of product \_\_\_\_\_

3. List membership in any professional associations:

\_\_\_\_\_

4. Is each employee trained in premises emergency procedures in event of fires or leaks? .....  Yes  No

5. Does applicant have a written emergency spill plan for drivers? .....  Yes  No

6. Does applicant comply with all DOT and other regulatory requirements? .....  Yes  No

7. What is the percentage of driver turnover?

Less than 10%

10% - 50%

50% +

8. Describe training procedures for new drivers:

\_\_\_\_\_

9. Describe any continuing education programs in place.

\_\_\_\_\_



**OPERATIONS & TRANSPORT (Continued)**

**List Each Tank Separately**

21 a. Any exposure to streams, rivers, lakes or other water sources? .....  Yes  No  
If yes, give complete description of exposures. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

b. Using a separate piece of paper, draw a diagram indicating location of each tank and distance between tanks, the type of property on all four sides of each location including the distance in feet from the tanks.

22. If no tanks are owned, describe where applicant obtains their product for distribution.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**LIQUID PETROLEUM (LP) SERVICES**

1. Does applicant sell, service, repair or install:

Space Heaters	<input type="checkbox"/> Repair	<input type="checkbox"/> Sales	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Water Heaters	<input type="checkbox"/> Repair	<input type="checkbox"/> Sales	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Gas Grills	<input type="checkbox"/> Repair	<input type="checkbox"/> Sales	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Heating or AC Systems	<input type="checkbox"/> Repair	<input type="checkbox"/> Sales	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Other LPG Appliances	<input type="checkbox"/> Repair	<input type="checkbox"/> Sales	<input type="checkbox"/> N/A
Total sales from above appliances		\$ _____	
Total payroll from service / installation		\$ _____	

2. Does applicant perform any propane gas carburetion work? .....  Yes  No  
Total Sales \$ \_\_\_\_\_

3. How are customers for LP delivery set up?  
 Automatic Fill \_\_\_\_\_ %  Will Call \_\_\_\_\_ %

4. Does applicant provide any bottle filling operations? .....  Yes  No

5. Are scales used when filling bottles? .....  Yes  No

6. Does applicant distribute propane gas by underground mains or pipes? .....  Yes  No

7. Does applicant participate in a gas check system? .....  Yes  No  
If yes, describe \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

8. Does applicant sell anhydrous ammonia, butane or other gas? .....  Yes  No  
If yes, what type? \_\_\_\_\_ Annual Gallons \_\_\_\_\_

9. Describe the New Customer policy & **attach** any copies of pre-survey.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

10. Describe the "Out of Gas" policy.

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_



### **California**

For your protection, California law requires the following to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent information to obtain or amend insurance coverage or to make a claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

### **Colorado**

It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable for insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

### **Connecticut, Georgia, Hawaii, Illinois, Missouri, Montana, North Carolina, North Dakota, South Carolina, South Dakota, Wisconsin:**

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

### **Delaware, Idaho:**

Any person who knowingly, and with intent to (For Delaware add: *injure*) defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

### **District of Columbia**

**WARNING:** It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

### **Florida**

Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

### **Indiana**

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud an insurer files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information commits a felony.

### **Kansas**

Any person who, knowingly and with intent to defraud, presents, causes to be presented or prepares with knowledge or belief that it will be presented to or by an insurer, purported insurer, broker or any agent thereof, any written, electronic, electronic impulse, facsimile, magnetic, oral, or telephonic communication or statement as part of, or in support of, an application for the issuance of, or the rating of an insurance policy for personal or commercial insurance, or a claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to an insurance policy for commercial or personal insurance which such person knows to contain materially false information concerning any fact material thereto; or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act.

### **Kentucky**

Application Forms: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

### **Maine, Tennessee, Virginia, Washington:**

It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, or a denial of insurance benefits.

### **Massachusetts, Nebraska, Vermont:**

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or another person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading information concerning any fact material thereto, may be committing a fraudulent insurance act, which may be a crime and may subject the person to criminal and civil penalties.

### **Minnesota**

A person who files a claim with intent to defraud or helps commit a fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime.

**New Hampshire**

Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in NH Rev. Stat. § 638:20.

**New Jersey**

Application Forms: Any person who includes any false or misleading information on an application for an insurance policy is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

**New Mexico**

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

**New York**

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the stated value of the claim for each such violation.

**Ohio**

Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

**Oklahoma**

WARNING: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

**Oregon**

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents materially false information in an application for insurance may be guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison. In order for us to deny a claim on the basis of misstatements, misrepresentations, omissions or concealments on your part, we must show that the misinformation is material to the content of the policy, we relied upon the misinformation and the information was either material to the risk assumed by us or provided fraudulently.

For remedies other than the denial of a claim, misstatements, misrepresentations, omissions or concealments on your part must either be fraudulent or material to our interests. With regard to fire insurance, in order to trigger the right to remedy, material misrepresentations must be willful or intentional. Misstatements, misrepresentations, omissions or concealments on your part are not fraudulent unless they are made with the intent to knowingly defraud.

**Pennsylvania**

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Producer's Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
Applicant's Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date