Agency Name:
Address:
Contact Name:
Phone:
Fax:
Email:

Millwright And Riggers Supplemental Application

TO BE USED WITH COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY APPLICATION (ACORD 125) All questions must be answered in full. Application must be signed and dated by the applicant.

Applicant's Name And Mailing Address		Agent / Producer Information	
Business Name or Trading Name:		Applicant's Phone Number: Applicant's Web Address: Inspection Contact:	
ropose	d Policy Period: to:	Contact Phone Number:	
pplican	nt is: Individual (Include Date of Birth):	Partnership (include Dates of Birth):	
	☐ Corporation ☐ Joint Venture or ☐ Ot	her	
ears in b	business:	Years of Experience in this field:	
Location	on #1		
Location	on #2		
	on #3		
UNDE	RWRITING INFORMATION		
	ears of Experience in this field?		
	xplain All "Yes" Responses (attach separate s	sheet, if needed)	
a.			
	Attach Acord application with complete inform	nation.	
b.	Any operations sold, acquired, or discontinued	d in the last 5 years? Yes No	
C.	Machinery or equipment loaned or rented to o	thers?	
	If yes, attach rental agreement and list of item	ns.	
d.		rrging, applying, disposing or transporting of hazardous material; ☐ Yes ☐ No	
e.	Any parking facilities owned or rented?		
f.	Do you lease employees to or from other emp	oloyers?	
g.	Participation in trade shows, exhibits or conve	entions?	
h.	Recreation facilities provided?		
i.			
j.	Any structural alterations contemplated?		
k.	Any demolition exposure contemplated?		
_	Any watercraft, docks or floats owned, hired o	r leased? Yes No	
I.			

S378s (04/22) Page 1 of 6

UNDERWRITING INFORMATION (Continued)

3.	Enter the % of the risks operation which falls into each of the following categories	
	Fabrication of structural steel-load bearing for conventional steels structures, complex steel structures and major steel bridges.	%
	Installation, dismantling, disassembly, repair and/or replacement of machinery or equipment (millwright)9	%
	Lifting and positioning machinery or equipment using a crane, gantry or the boom of a fork lift (rigging)	%
4.	Does the insured perform any steel erection work for conventional steel structures?	
	If yes, what % of the risk's operations?	%
5.	Does the applicant have the following controls in place for their steel erection operations?	
	A documented and enforced fall protection/steel erection program including	
	Ladder & scaffold inspection program, including training ☐ Yes ☐ N	0
	An OSHA Competent Scaffold Person inspecting all scaffolding before use ☐ Yes ☐ N	0
	Procedure for crane placement near overhead power lines, including a minimum clearance of 17 feet Yes N	0
	Crews trained in emergency procedures if high voltage contact is made ☐ Yes ☐ N	0
	Spotter always used during crane set-up ☐ Yes ☐ N	0
	Rigging and connecting crews provided with appropriate PPE (personal protective equip.)	0
	Quality control procedures with structural steel bracing strategy	0
	Architectural and field/shop plan changes communicated and documented	o
6.	Does the applicant perform any of the following operations?	
	Steel erection over three stories.	0
	Steel erection work for complex steel structures or major steel bridges	0
	Crane rental (with or without operators) greater than 5% of total operations	0
	Tank fabrication or construction. ☐ Yes ☐ N	0
	Use of air cranes, including helicopter lifts Yes □ N	0
	Use of water rigs used in water for water lifts Yes □ N	0
	Dam work, cofferdams or caisson building ☐ Yes ☐ N	0
	Subway or tunnel construction.	0
	Professional design	0
	Erection of transformers or poles, or installation of transformers outside of buildings	0
	Any PCB exposure ☐ Yes ☐ N	0
	Millwright installation or maintenance of central station equipment or oil/gas burners	0
	Inspection of cranes for others	0
	Asbestos or lead work	o

S378s (04/22) Page 2 of 6

UNDERWRITING INFORMATION (Continued)

7.	Does the applicant perform any of the following operations?		
	Use of lift systems like robocranes, twin lifts or climbing tower cranes.	🗌 Yes	₃ □ No
	Chemical/petrochemical or oil/gas well work.	🗌 Yes	₃ □ No
	Subcontracting to other more than 25% of total operations.	🗌 Yes	₃ □ No
	Use of derricks	🗌 Yes	₃ □ No
	Incidental work on bridges or bridgework where only incidental USL&H exists (No Jones Acts exposure	e) 🗌 Yes	s 🗌 No
	Dual crane lifts.	🗌 Yes	₃ □ No
	Any operation with leased employees? If yes provide copy of contract	🗌 Yes	₃ □ No
	Equipment rented to others with or without operator in excess of 15% of annual receipts	🗌 Yes	s 🗌 No
	Operations requiring Riggers Liability limits higher than \$500,000.	🗌 Yes	s 🗌 No
	Hauling over 100 miles.	🗌 Yes	s 🗌 No
8.	Does the applicant subcontract any operation?	🗌 Yes	s 🗌 No
	If yes,		
	Does the applicant use standard subcontract (AGC, AIA contacts)?	🗌 Yes	s 🗌 No
	Does applicant obtain Certificates of Insurance from all subcontractors?	🗌 Yes	s 🗌 No
	Is the applicant named as an additional insured on all subcontractors' policies?	🗌 Yes	₃ □ No
	Does the applicant use written subcontractor agreements containing hold harmless/indemnity agreements the applicant?		
	Does the applicant restrict the use of uninsured contractors?	🗌 Yes	₃ □ No
	Does the applicant have a Subcontractor evaluation program?	🗌 Yes	₃ □ No
	Describe the type of work & percent subcontracted.		
9.	Are all shop drawings approved by the Engineer of Record?		 s □ No
10.	Does the applicant have an architect or engineer on staff?		
	If Yes, does the applicant carry professional liability insurance?		
	If No, does the applicant require that the architect or engineer carry their own professional liability insu		
			s □ No
	Is there a journeyman millwright on the jobsite at all times?		
	What type of training is required of employees? Describe:		
11.	Describe your last three jobs.		

S378s (04/22) Page 3 of 6

Describe All Hold Harmless Agreements – include Dates, Contracting Party, Cost (Attach Copies).			
CERTIFICATE RECIPIENTS / ADDITIONAL INTERESTS Name And Address	Relationship	Additional Insured	Certificate
	to Applicant		
Has the applicant been cancelled or non-renewed in the last three years? If	yes, Explain.		

PLEASE READ BELOW AND COMPLETE SIGNATURE BLOCK ON LAST PAGE

I have reviewed this application for accuracy before signing it. As a condition precedent to coverage, I hereby state that the information contained herein is true, accurate and complete and that no material facts have been omitted, misrepresented or misstated. I know of no other claims or lawsuits against the applicant and I know of no other events, incidents or occurrences which might reasonably lead to a claim or lawsuit against the applicant. I understand that this is an application for insurance only and that completion and submission of this application does not bind coverage with any insurer.

IMPORTANT NOTICE: As part of our underwriting procedure, a routine inquiry may be made to obtain applicable information concerning character, general reputation, personal characteristics, and mode of living. Upon written request, additional information as to the nature and scope of the report, if one is made, will be provided.

FRAUD STATEMENT - FOR THE STATE(S) OF:

Alabama, Arkansas, Louisiana, Maryland, Rhode Island, Texas, West Virginia:

NOTICE: Any person who knowingly (For Maryland add: *or willfully*) presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly (For Maryland add: *or willfully*) presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to (For Alabama add: *restitution*,) fines and confinement in prison (For Alabama add: *or any combination thereof*).

Alaska

A person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive an insurance company files a claim containing false, incomplete, or misleading information may be prosecuted under state law.

Arizona

For your protection Arizona law requires the following statement to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

California

For your protection, California law requires the following to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent information to obtain or amend insurance coverage or to make a claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

S378s (04/22) Page 4 of 6

Colorado

It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable for insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

Connecticut, Georgia, Hawaii, Illinois, Missouri, Montana, North Carolina, North Dakota, South Carolina, South Dakota, Wisconsin:

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

Delaware, Idaho:

Any person who knowingly, and with intent to (For Delaware add: *injure*) defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

District of Columbia

WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

Florida

Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

Indiana

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud an insurer files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information commits a felony.

Kansas

Any person who, knowingly and with intent to defraud, presents, causes to be presented or prepares with knowledge or belief that it will be presented to or by an insurer, purported insurer, broker or any agent thereof, any written, electronic, electronic impulse, facsimile, magnetic, oral, or telephonic communication or statement as part of, or in support of, an application for the issuance of, or the rating of an insurance policy for personal or commercial insurance, or a claim for payment or other benefit pursuant to an insurance policy for commercial or personal insurance which such person knows to contain materially false information concerning any fact material thereto; or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act.

Kentucky

Application Forms: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

Maine, Tennessee, Virginia, Washington:

It is a crime to knowingly provide false, incomplete or misleading information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, or a denial of insurance benefits.

Massachusetts, Nebraska, Vermont:

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or another person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading information concerning any fact material thereto, may be committing a fraudulent insurance act, which may be a crime and may subject the person to criminal and civil penalties.

Minnesota

A person who files a claim with intent to defraud or helps commit a fraud against an insurer is guilty of a crime.

New Hampshire

Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in NH Rev. Stat. § 638:20.

New Jersey

Application Forms: Any person who includes any false or misleading information on an application for an insurance policy is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

S378s (04/22) Page 5 of 6

New Mexico

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

New York

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the stated value of the claim for each such violation.

Ohio

Any person who, with intent to defraud or knowing that he is facilitating a fraud against an insurer, submits an application or files a claim containing a false or deceptive statement is guilty of insurance fraud.

Oklahoma

WARNING: Any person who knowingly, and with intent to injure, defraud or deceive any insurer, makes any claim for the proceeds of an insurance policy containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is guilty of a felony.

Oregon

Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents materially false information in an application for insurance may be guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison. In order for us to deny a claim on the basis of misstatements, misrepresentations, omissions or concealments on your part, we must show that the misinformation is material to the content of the policy, we relied upon the misinformation and the information was either material to the risk assumed by us or provided fraudulently.

For remedies other than the denial of a claim, misstatements, misrepresentations, omissions or concealments on your part must either be fraudulent or material to our interests. With regard to fire insurance, in order to trigger the right to remedy, material misrepresentations must be willful or intentional. Misstatements, misrepresentations, omissions or concealments on your part are not fraudulent unless they are made with the intent to knowingly defraud.

Pennsylvania

Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Applicant's Signature

Date

Date

Producer's Signature

S378s (04/22) Page 6 of 6